11/28/21, 3:21 AM RePORT) RePORTER

Back to Search Results

Description

Details

Sub-Projects

Publications

Patents

Outcomes

Clinical Studies

News and More

(L) History

Similar Projects

Malaria Vaccines: TBV Antigens as Conjugates with Alternate Carriers

Project Number Contact PI/Project Leader 1ZIAAI001008-14 DUFFY, PATRICK

/Project Leader Awardee Organization
TRICK NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF
ALLERGY AND

INFECTIOUS DISEASES



Abstract Text

In FY2020, LMIV scientists contributed to 1 publication on conjugate or particle vaccines, and we describe progress reported in those manuscripts here: 1. In published work, we observed that alternate carriers increase antibody titers of Pfs25 & Pfs230 above benchmark EPA carrier; TBV antigens conjugated to TT and CRM197 induce highest functional activity; liposomal GLA-LSQ adjuvant further enhances titers and Th1 isotype switching. Scaria PV, et al. Vaccine. 2020;38(34):5480-5489.) Based on the enhanced immune response observed in these studies, we selected an E. Coli produced CRM197 (EcoCRM from FinaBiosolutions) as an alternate carrier for Pfs230. Currently working on establishing a collaborative agreement with FinaBiosolutions for the use of EcoCRM, process development for scaled up synthesis of Pfs230-EcoCRM conjugate, evaluation of the conjugate in NHP studies and product development activities that enable its clinical testing. In unpublished work, we report below our progress on other ongoing projects: Further evaluation of OMPC as a delivery platform for Transmission Blocking Vaccine antigens: In FY2020, we continued the evaluation of OMPC as a delivery platform for TBV antigens. In our previous report, we described a qualitatively different, Th1-biased immune response was observed for OMPC conjugates as opposed to a Th2 response of EPA conjugates. Based on these findings, we have initiated evaluation of OMPC conjugates of Pfs25 and Pfs230 in nonhuman primates to determine their efficacy in this model and to evaluate the duration of immune response. In these studies, Pfs230 conjugates showed superior transmission blocking activity compared to Pfs25 conjugates. In addition, Pfs230 - OMPC conjugates in Alum adjuvant showed a durable immune response with high antibody titer and functional activity, equivalent to EPA conjugate of Pfs230 formulated in a potent liposomal adjuvant. Evaluation of mRNA technology for malaria antigens: In FY2020, we continued the collaboration with CureVac, Germany to test the immunogenicity of LMIVs malaria antigens in CureVacs RNActive technology platform. Antigen delivery using mRNA has generated considerable excitement in the vaccine field as a technology that can rapidly generate vaccine candidates for clinical testing. This technology is now being tested in a number of clinical trials by CureVac and Moderna Therapeutics; both have their proprietary technologies for designing and manufacturing potent mRNAs for vaccine. We worked with CureVac to construct mRNA for our TBV and PMV antigens. In FY2019, CureVac generated a series of mRNA constructs for LMIVs TBV and pregnancy malaria antigens and tested their expression in mammalian cells. As part of this continuing collaboration, mouse immunogenicity studies have been initiated at LMIV to test the immunogenicity and functional activity of these mRNA constructs. Needle-free vaccine delivery: In FY2020, we completed the collaboration established with Takeda Pharmaceuticals, Japan to evaluate their proprietary Microneedle Patch delivery technology for delivery of our conjugate immunogens for transmission blocking vaccine. Takedas dissolving microneedle is a technology for vaccine delivery that has a number of attractive features useful for malaria vaccines. Administration of microneedle patches do not require a skilled medical professional or can be self-administered. It avoids needle use by eliminating accidental needle injuries and pain associated with needle delivery. It also does not require cold-chain transport and storage, thereby reducing the cost of mass immunization campaigns. These patches were evaluated in mouse immunogenicity studies at LMIV and showed a poor performance based on antibody responses. Based on these results, Takeda is considering manufacturing issues that may have contributed to poor immunogenicity.

Public Health Relevance Statement

Data not available.

RePORT) RePORTER 11/28/21, 3:21 AM

Back to Search Results

Description

Details

Sub-Projects

Publications

Patents

<u>Outcomes</u>

Clinical Studies

News and More

<u>History</u>

Similar Projects

Malaria Vaccines: TBV Antigens as Conjugates with Alternate Carriers

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Awardee Organization NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF **ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES**

Project Terms

Adjuvant Agreement Aluminum **Antibody Response Antibody titer measurement Antigens Benchmarking Clinical Trials** Area **Cold Chains Collaborations Development** Escherichia coli **Evaluation Formulation** Germany Goals Immune response **Immunoglobulin Class Switching Injury** Malaria Japan Liposomes **Malaria Vaccines Mammalian Cell Manuscripts Mass Immunization** Medical **Membrane Proteins** Messenger RNA **Needles** Modeling Mus

Read More

Neisseria meningitidis

Details

Other Pls Program Official Contact PI/ Project

Parasites

Leader

Name

DUFFY, PATRICK

Title

Contact

Email not available

Performance

Not Applicable Name Contact

Email not available

Organization

Name NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF **ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES**

City Country Department Type Unavailable **Organization Type** Unavailable

State Code **Congressional District**

Other Information

FOA **Study Section**

Award Notice Fiscal Year 2020 Date

Administering Institutes or Centers NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF **ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES**

DUNS Number CFDA Code

Project Start Date **Project End**

Date

Budget Start Date **Budget End**

Date

Project Funding Information for 2020

Total Funding \$3,037,907

Direct Costs \$0

Indirect Costs Thank you for your feedback!

RePORT) RePORTER 11/28/21, 3:21 AM

Project Number

1ZIAAI001008-14

Back to Search Results

Description

<u>Details</u>

Sub-Projects

Publications

Patents

Outcomes

Clinical Studies

News and More

Similar Projects

<u>History</u>

Malaria Vaccines: TBV Antigens as Conjugates with Alternate Carriers

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NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES \$3,037,907 Biotechnology; **Emerging** Infectious Diseases; Immunization; Infectious Diseases; Malaria; Malaria Vaccine; Orphan Drug; Prevention; Rare Diseases; Vaccine Related; Vector-Borne Diseases;



No Sub Projects information available for 1ZIAAI001008-14

Publications

No Publications available for 1ZIAAI001008-14

Patents

No Patents information available for 1ZIAAI001008-14

Outcomes

The Project Outcomes shown here are displayed verbatim as submitted by the Principal Investigator (PI) for this award. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed are those of the PI and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Institutes of Health. NIH has not endorsed the content below.

No Outcomes available for 1ZIAAI001008-14

Clinical Studies

No Clinical Studies information available for 1ZIAAI001008-14

RePORT) RePORTER 11/28/21, 3:21 AM

∢ Back to Search Results

Malaria Vaccines: TBV Antigens as Conjugates with Alternate Carriers

Description

Sub-Projects

<u>Details</u>

Publications

Patents

Outcomes

Clinical Studies

News and More

<u>History</u> **Similar Projects** **Project Number** 1ZIAAI001008-14

Contact PI/Project Leader DUFFY, PATRICK

Awardee Organization NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES

(History

No Historical information available for 1ZIAAI001008-14

Similar Projects

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