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Clinical and genetic studies of hereditary neurological disorders in Mali

Project Number	Contact PI/Project Leader	Awardee Organization
3U01HG007044-07S1	LANDOURE, GUIDA	UNIV OF SCIENCES, TECH & TECH OF BAMAKO

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Description

Abstract Text

Summary Despite the vast diversity of its populations, genetic studies in Africa have been limited. African populations, Malians in particular, have a high rate of intra-ethnic and consanguineous marriage, resulting in increased prevalence of autosomal recessive diseases. Family-based genetic studies can be limited in developed countries due to small sib ships. The average fertility rate in Mali is over 6 births per woman, offering a unique opportunity to find new **disease** genes or mutations that can then be studied in other populations. Neurological disorders present public health challenges globally with total disability- adjusted life years (DALYs) greater than some **infectious** diseases. These challenges are even greater when considering hereditary neurological diseases that cause premature death, severe disability and loss of productivity, resulting in high health care costs. Although most are currently untreatable, increasing awareness and community engagement about hereditary neurological disorders can reduce this burden. Our previous studies have established the molecular defects in a good number of families and identified variants in novel genes. Through genetic counseling and community engagement session, patients and families as well as their communities have gained knowledge regarding the cause of these diseases; lifting in part the psychosocial burden, and orienting their partner choice. However, more work is needed for a full understanding of the mechanism of these diseases. Despite the increased number of trained physicians and students in the characterization of these diseases and the basics in genetics, many other families haven’t gotten access to medical genetic services. Standard genetic testing in several other families has been inconclusive, confirming our premise that Malians have specific phenotypic variants of hereditary neurological disorders that may be due to novel mutations or to mutations in as yet undiscovered genes. The infrastructures built with the previous award have created a suitable environment to perform state-of-art research and train the next generation African scientists. To ensure sustainability, African government should be fully engaged to empower genetic training and research funding. With this support, African scientists and clinicians would be ready to meet **emerging** medical genetics and genomic challenges. With the commitment of some African leaders and philanthropists, there is a hope that Africans will soon fund a big part of the research in Africa.

Public Health Relevance Statement

Project narrative This project will identify new clinical and genetic neurological entities that may be studied in other populations. Genetic counseling and community engagement will have more impact in decreasing stigma and perhaps decreasing the rate of consanguineous marriages with the effect of reducing the burden of recessive diseases in the Malian population. The acquired infrastructures will set the stage for training the next generation African scientists, and for scientific productivity and advances to ensure sustainability for future generations.

NIH Spending Category

Behavioral and Social Science	Biotechnology	Clinical Research	Genetic Testing
Genetics	Health Services	Human Genome	Neurosciences










Project Terms

Affect	Africa	Africa South of the Sahara	African	Award	Awareness
Biology	Birth	Cell Culture Techniques	Cessation of life	Clinical	

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3U01HG007044-07S1	LANDOURE, GUIDA	UNIV OF SCIENCES, TECH & TECH OF BAMAKO	
Genetic Diseases	Genetic Services	Genetic screening method	Genetic study
Read More			

Details

Contact PI/ Project Leader	Other PIs	Program Official
Name LANDOURE, GUIDA	Not Applicable	Name TROYER, JENNIFER L
Title DR		Contact troyerj@mail.nih.gov
Contact g.landoure@ucl.ac.uk		
Organization		
Name UNIV OF SCIENCES, TECH & TECH OF BAMAKO	Department Type Unavailable	State Code
City BAMAKO	Organization Type Unavailable	Congressional District
Country MALI (ML)		

Other Information

FOA RFA-RM-16-015	Administering Institutes or Centers NATIONAL HUMAN GENOME RESEARCH INSTITUTE	Project Start Date 27-September-2013
Study Section ZHG1-HGR-M(M1)	DUNS Number CFDA Code 565539819 172	Project End Date 30-June-2022
Award Notice Date 28-August-2019		Budget Start Date 28-August-2019
Fiscal Year 2019		Budget End Date 30-June-2020

Project Funding Information for 2019

Total Funding	Direct Costs	Indirect Costs
\$134,837	\$130,997	\$3,840
Year	Funding IC	FY Total
2019	NATIONAL HUMAN GENOME RESEARCH INSTITUTE	\$134,837

NIH Categorical Spending	Click here for more information on NIH Categorical Spending	
Funding IC	FY Total Cost by IC	NIH Spending Category
NATIONAL HUMAN GENOME RESEARCH INSTITUTE	\$134,837	Behavioral and Social Science; Biotechnology; Clinical Research; Genetic

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No Sub Projects information available for 3U01HG007044-07S1

Publications

No Publications available for 3U01HG007044-07S1

Patents

No Patents information available for 3U01HG007044-07S1

Outcomes

The Project Outcomes shown here are displayed verbatim as submitted by the Principal Investigator (PI) for this award. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed are those of the PI and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Institutes of Health. NIH has not endorsed the content below.

No Outcomes available for 3U01HG007044-07S1

Clinical Studies

No Clinical Studies information available for 3U01HG007044-07S1

News and More

Related News Releases

No news release information available for 3U01HG007044-07S1

History

No Historical information available for 3U01HG007044-07S1

Similar Projects

No Similar Projects information available for 3U01HG007044-07S1

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