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Inhibition of Resistant Variants of HIV Protease

Former Number Project Number 8U01AI150461-21 5U01GM062920-21

Leader WEBER, IRENE TOther **PIs**

Contact PI/Project

Awardee Organization GEORGIA STATE UNIVERSITY



Abstract Text

Inhibition of Resistant Variants of HIV Protease HIV/AIDS is a serious pandemic with over 36 million infected people. Antiviral drug therapy has decreased the mortality, although the number of new infections remains about 2 million per year. However, the genetic diversity and high mutability of HIV pose a critical challenge for continued efficacy of drugs and development of effective vaccines. Hence, there is urgent need for new therapies to overcome the problem of drugresistance. We are tackling this challenge by studying the important drug target of HIV protease. Clinical resistance arises even for the potent antiviral inhibitor darunavir. Our structural analyses have identified distinct molecular mechanisms for resistance including mutations that: 1) decrease protease interactions with inhibitors; 2) decrease the enzyme stability; or 3) influence the dynamics. In the last project period, our X-ray structures have guided the design of novel inhibitors 10-fold more effective than darunavir against highly resistant proteases. We have developed algorithms to predict resistance from genotype sequences and have identified representative mutants with high level resistance. We propose to identify common mechanism for resistance and apply these insights to design and assess new inhibitors. These multidisciplinary studies leverage the expertise, unique resources and novel approaches developed in the PIs groups together with an established set of collaborators to integrate computational, X-ray crystallographic, biochemical and biophysical techniques with inhibitor design, chemical synthesis, and virology studies. The expected outcomes will be 1) accurate predictions for resistance, 2) discovery of novel and conserved molecular mechanisms for resistance, and 3) new antiviral inhibitors for resistant HIV infections.

Public Health Relevance Statement

A major challenge limiting success of HIV/AIDS therapy is the rapid development of viral strains with resistance to drugs. Knowledge of the relationships between sequence, structure and activities of HIV protease variants with drug resistant mutations will be applied to predict resistance and develop new antiviral agents.

NIH Spending Category

Antimicrobial Resistance HIV/AIDS Infectious Diseases

Project Terms

AIDS therapy AIDS/HIV problem **Antiviral Agents Address** Affinity **Algorithms Binding Characteristics Binding Sites Biochemical** Clinical Chemistry **Data Data Set Development Drug Targeting Drug resistance Enzyme Stability Evolution Genetic Variation** HIV **HIV Infections HIV Protease HIV Protease Inhibitors HIV** resistance Genotype Infection Knowledge Molecular Mutation **Outcome Peptide Hydrolases Pharmacotherapy Pharmaceutical Preparations Property Proteins** Resistance Resources **Roentgen Rays Surgical Flaps Vaccines Variant** Viral Structure base biophysical techniques chemical synthesis drug development drug efficacy design

Read More



Contact PI/ Project Leader

Name

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Inhibition of Resistant Variants of HIV Protease

Project Number Former Number Contact PI/Project Awardee Organization 8U01AI150461-21 5U01GM062920-21 Leader

WEBER, IRENE TOther

<u>Pls</u>

GEORGIA STATE UNIVERSITY

30-June-2020

Other Information

FOA Administering Institutes or Centers **Project Start** 01-July-1997 NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ALLERGY PA-16-160 Date **AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES** Study Section

Project End Date 30-June-2021 AIDS Discovery and Development of Therapeutics Study Section[ADDT] **DUNS Number** CFDA Code 837322494 859 **Budget Start** 01-July-2019

Fiscal Year **Award Notice Date** Date 2019 17-June-2019

Project Funding Information for 2019

Total Funding Direct Costs Indirect Costs \$345,420 \$228,000 \$117,420

Funding IC FY Total Cost by IC Year 2019 \$345,420 NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES

NIH Categorical Spending

Click here for more information on NIH Categorical Spending

Budget End Date

Funding IC	FY Total Cost by IC	NIH Spending Category
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES	\$345,420	Antimicrobial Resistance; HIV/AIDS; Infectious Diseases;

品 Sub Projects

No Sub Projects information available for 8U01AI150461-21

Dublications

No Publications available for 8U01AI150461-21

Patents

No Patents information available for 8U01AI150461-21

Outcomes

The Project Outcomes shown here are displayed verbatim as submitted by the Principal Investigator (PI) for this award. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed are those of the PI and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Institutes of Health. NIH has not endorsed the content below.

No Outcomes available for 8U01AI150461-21

***** Clinical Studies

No Clinical Studies information available for 8U01AI150461-21

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Inhibition of Resistant Variants of HIV Protease

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Awardee Organization GEORGIA STATE UNIVERSITY



No Historical information available for 8U01AI150461-21

Similar Projects

No Similar Projects information available for 8U01AI150461-21