Search Results Project Details

ഗ Share →

Back to Search Results

Description

















<u>History</u>



The External Exposome and COVID-19 Severity

Project Number 1R21ES032762-01 **Contact PI/Project Leader** HU, HUI Other Pls

Awardee Organization UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA



Abstract Text

PROJECT SUMMARY The 2019 novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) is a global pandemic with severe medical and socioeconomic consequences. Young adults without any underlying health conditions can still develop severe COVID-19 disease, and there are racial and ethnic disparities in **COVID**-19 hospitalization and mortality rates which cannot be explained by age and underlying health conditions alone. Risk factors of severe **COVID**-19 beyond older age and underlying health conditions are large unknown. There are large overlaps between the currently known risk factors of severe **COVID**-19 and the health conditions that are affected by environmental exposures, and emerging evidence suggested that long-term environmental exposures may be important determinants of COVID-19 severity. Traditional environmental epidemiological studies usually examine environmental factors separately without considering "the totality of the external environment". Such studies are not only time consuming as they examine individual exposures separately, but more importantly, cannot account for confounding by co-exposures. The external exposome is an ideal framework to identify novel exposures associated with severe COVID-19 as it can systematically and efficiently screen thousands of environmental exposures. In this project, we will leverage a unique real-world data (RWD) resource - OneFlorida - a large repository of linked electronic health records (EHR), claims and vital statistics data, covering more than 60% of Floridians, contributing to the national Patient-Centered Clinical Research Network (PCORnet). Building on our prior work on the external exposome, we will expand our existing external exposome database to include additional factors that may impact COVID-19 outcomes through a systematic analysis of literature and resources. We aim to (1) develop phenotyping algorithms for identifying a COVID-19 cohort and their severity and extracting associated individual-level risk factors from the OneFlorida real-world data, and (2) identify external exposome factors associated with severe COVID-19, examine how the external exposome contributes to racial and ethnic disparities in severe COVID-19, and build predictive models of severe **COVID**-19 with external exposome factors. This study will fill important knowledge gaps by providing timely information to understand how environmental exposures may impact COVID-19 severity that will improve identifications of high-risk COVID-19 patients and inform the design of future precision interventions. Our approach and initial results for Florida can (1) be readily scaled up to a multi-state study through PCORnet and (2) answer other novel questions such as the external exposome's contribution to geographic disparities in **COVID**-19 outcomes.

Public Health Relevance Statement

PROJECT NARRATIVE Emerging evidence suggested that environmental exposures may be important determinants of COVID-19 severity. This study leverages a unique data resource – OneFlorida – a large repository of linked electronic health records (EHR), claims and vital statistics data, covering more than 60% of Floridians and builds upon our prior work on the external exposome to (1) identify novel environmental factors associated with severe COVID-19, (2) examine whether the external exposome contributes to racial and ethnic disparities in severe COVID-19, and (3) develop predictive models of high-risk patients with external exposome factors. This study will fill important knowledge gaps and provide timely information to understand how environmental exposures may impact COVID-19 severity to inform future precision interventions.

Thank you for your feedback!

11/27/21, 10:28 PM RePORT) RePORTER

NIH Spending Category

Clinical Research Coronaviruses Emerging Infectious Diseases

Health Disparities Infectious Diseases Minority Health Prevention

Social Determinants of Health

Project Terms

2019-nCoV Affect Age Air Pollution Asthma COVID-19

Cardiovascular Diseases Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (U.S.)

Cessation of life Characteristics Chronic lung disease Clinical

Clinical Research Consumption Data Data Sources Databases

Diabetes Mellitus Diagnosis Disease Elderly Electronic Health Record

Environment Environmental Exposure Environmental Risk Factor Ethnic group

Exposure to Florida Future Geography Health Hospitalization

Individual Joints Knowledge Laboratories Link Literature

Read More

📃 Details

Contact PI/ Project Other PIs Program Official

 Leader
 Name
 Name

 Name
 BIAN, JIANG
 CUI, YUXIA

HU, HUI

Title

ASSOCIATE

Contact

yuxia.cui@nih.gov

Contact

huhu@bwh.harvard.edu

EPIDEMIOLOGIST

Organization

Name Department Type State Code

UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA BIOSTATISTICS & OTHER FL MATH SCI

City Congressional District

GAINESVILLE Organization Type 03

Country SCHOOLS OF MEDICINE

Other Information

UNITED STATES (US)

FOA Administering Institutes or Project Start 20-AugustCenters Date 2020

Study Section NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF
Special Emphasis Project End

Panel ZES1 JAB-K (T6)]

SCIENCES

Date

DUNS Number CFDA Code

Award Notice 969663814 113

Date Budget Start 20-August-

Fiscal Year 17-August2020 Budget End 31-JulyDate 2021

Project Funding Information for 2020

31-July-

\$221,908 \$150,000 \$71,908

Year Funding IC

2020 NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES \$221,908

NIH Categorical Spending Click here for more information on NIH Categorical Spending

Funding IC	FY Total Cost by IC	NIH Spending Category
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES	\$221,908	Clinical Research; Coronaviruses; Emerging Infectious Diseases; Health Disparities; Infectious Diseases; Minority Health; Prevention; Social Determinants of Health;

品 Sub Projects

No Sub Projects information available for 1R21ES032762-01

Publications

No Publications available for 1R21ES032762-01

⇔ Patents

No Patents information available for 1R21ES032762-01

Outcomes

The Project Outcomes shown here are displayed verbatim as submitted by the Principal Investigator (PI) for this award. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed are those of the PI and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Institutes of Health. NIH has not endorsed the content below.

No Outcomes available for 1R21ES032762-01

Clinical Studies

No Clinical Studies information available for 1R21ES032762-01



Related News Releases

No news release information available for 1R21ES032762-01



No Historical information available for 1R21ES032762-01

Similar Projects

No Similar Projects information available for 1R21ES032762-01